Patient and Parent Emergency Department Expectations: A Feasibility Study

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BACKGROUND

- Patient and family-centered care has shown to be a critical component leading to the delivery of high-quality care.
- During an often chaotic time in the emergency department (ED), there is often communication barriers between the patient and provider.
- In an effort to bridge this communication gap, research has been conducted to determine the value of obtaining written patient expectations prior to care in the ED.
- In the pediatric ED settings, studies have shown that obtaining parents’ expectations leads to improved communication and overall satisfaction with care.
- The most effective format and method for administering a patient-completed written expectations form remains unclear.
- The receptivity towards this patient-oriented communication strategy among health care providers is unclear.
- Further research is needed to determine the most appropriate and effective way to administer this type of questionnaire and to identify potential barriers for use by ED providers.

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

What is the most effective format and method to administer an ED expectations questionnaire to patients/parents?

What are the potential perceived barriers for use of an ED expectations questionnaire?

OBJECTIVE

- To gather pilot data to inform the design of an ED expectations tool
- To identify potential barriers and enablers for using the tool in the emergency department.

METHODS

Ten adults who visited an ED and ten caregivers who had visited the IWK ED, both within the past 6 months were invited to participate in this study. A ‘think aloud’ method was used, where patients who were given a copy of the expectations questionnaire and asked to read each question and indicate what they thought the question was asking and how they would answer it.

Participants were then asked follow-up questions to determine:
- if the questionnaire was helpful
- if there are other questions we should ask
- where/when this questionnaire should be given during the ED visit

We also conducted a focus group with 8 emergency department clinicians to identify potential barriers and facilitators for using a patient/patient expectations tool in practice.

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Following the ‘think-aloud’ exercises with patient and caregiver participants, the questions on the expectations tool were revised to enhance clarity. The expectations tool currently consists of 6 questions regarding patient/caregiver expectations concerning their visit to the ED, written at a grade 6 reading level.

Clinician focus group data was analyzed, and 4 main themes were identified:
1) The tool may result in improved communication which may lead to improved patient satisfaction, more efficient use of diagnostics, decreased wait times, and less bounce backs
2) The tool must not increase clinician workload
3) Clarity of purpose of the tool is important as patient/caregivers may list off the tests/services they desire and then be dissatisfied with care if they do not receive them
4) Some patients/caregivers may have trouble completing the form due to language, literacy or cognitive impairment

DISCUSSION

The results of this project will provide a deeper understanding of the most efficient method of soliciting patient and caregiver worries, questions and expectations for care. Our integrated, knowledge translation approach has allowed us to develop a tool for patient/patients and clinicians to use, to better communicate and understand expectations. It is not clear if this tool will be generalizable across all patient presentations and ED settings. This tool will require future validity and reliability testing in a variety of different emergency practice settings.

REFERENCES